

Info-consent letter catch-up vaccinations under 13 years of age

Student's name + first name of the student:

Date of birth (day/month/year):/...../.....

School + Classroom:

Telephone number where you (parent/guardian) can be reached during the day: ☎

Dear Parent/Guardian,

The Flemish government offers vaccinations against certain diseases. According to our data, your child is missing the ticked vaccinations.

- ☐ vaccine(s) against **tetanus-difteria-pertussis-polio-Haemophilus influenzae type b-hepatitis B**
(clamp-croup-whooping cough- infantile paralysis -Haemophilus influenzae type b-hepatitis B)
- ☐ vaccine(s) against **tetanus-difteria-pertussis-polio** (clamp-croup-whooping cough- infantile paralysis)
- ☐ Vaccine(s) against **polio** (infantile paralysis)
- ☐ vaccine(s) against **measles-mumps-rubella***
- ☐ vaccine(s) against **hepatitis B**
- ☐ vaccine against **Meningococcal**
- ☐ ... vaccine(s) against **humaan papilloma virus**

More explanation About vaccination and the diseases that are vaccinated against, can be found in attachment.

Fill in the **permission letter**.

Drop off the completed permission letter at school.

If you have any questions, call the CLB: 02 479 25 05

Or surf to www.allesovervaccineren.be, the website of the Flemish government about vaccinations.

Thanks for your cooperation,

Dr. Catherine Debelle en mevr. Nadia Pascoal Nobrega

CONSENT LETTER CATCH-UP VACCINATIONS
(Please fill in this letter and return it to the school.)

Do you agree with vaccination? Check the desired selection (x)

- ☐ I want the **CLB** to give the ticked vaccines to my child free of charge.
- ☐ I want to have my child vaccinated by the **family doctor (GP) or pediatrician**. (Make an appointment with your doctor yourself, so they can order the vaccine in advance.).
- ☐ **No**, my child has already received these vaccines (fill in the dates):/...../.....
...../...../.....
- ☐ **No**, I don't want to have my child vaccinated.

Please note! The following questions will help us to detect a possible **contraindication** for vaccination. Allergy here means 'swelling of the mouth or throat', and/or 'difficulty breathing' and/or 'problems with the heart'. **Tick the correct answer.**

Is your child allergic to: Neomycin, Streptomycin of polymyxine B (Antibiotic) ? ☐ yes ☐ no
 Eating or inhaling yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)? ☐ yes ☐ no
 Gelatin? ☐ yes ☐ no

Has your child had a serious reaction after a vaccination in the past? ☐ yes ☐ no

Does your child have a severely reduced immune system? This can be the case with cancer, treatment with chemotherapy, congenital immunocompromised immunity, long-term treatment with drugs that suppress the immune system, tuberculosis, thymus disease or HIV infection. ☐ yes ☐ no

Has your child received blood products or immunoglobulins in the past year? ☐ yes ☐ no

Does your child suffer from a nervous system disorder that is not yet under control? ☐ yes ☐ no

The CLB will inform you via the school when the measles-mumps-rubella vaccination will take place. Do you plan another vaccination for your child 4 weeks before or after this moment? Then contact the CLB. So we can check whether the other vaccination is a counterindication to the measles-mumps-rubella vaccination.

Date:



Name and signature of the legal parent or guardian*:



* Consent for vaccination can be given by an adult student, a legal parent or a legal guardian.

MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THE VACCINATION AND THE DISEASES AGAINST WHICH VACCINATION IS CARRIED OUT

(You can keep this text)

Polio (infantile paralysis) may cause irreversible paralysis.

Difteria (croup) can cause severe inflammation of the throat and airways with a risk of suffocation. Heart and nerves can also be affected.

Tetanus (clomp) causes stimulation of the nerve cells, causing severe and painful muscle cramps and making breathing impossible.

Pertussis (whooping cough) is caused by severe coughing fits and wheezing. It is a serious disease, especially for babies. Adolescents and adults are the main source of infection for young babies who have not yet been sufficiently vaccinated.

Measles is very contagious. It causes fever and skin rashes. Sometimes there is ear infection or pneumonia. Very occasionally there is also encephalitis. This can be fatal or cause permanent damage.

Mumps (dikoor) is a viral infection. Sometimes there is meningitis or testicular inflammation.

Rubella (rodehond) is harmless in itself. It causes fever and skin rashes. A rubella infection during pregnancy can have serious consequences for the baby, such as deafness, blindness and heart defects. To prevent the spread of the virus in the population, the vaccination of boys is also important.

Hepatitis B is an inflammation of the liver caused by the hepatitis B virus. Some of the infected people become chronic carriers and are at risk of developing liver cirrhosis and liver cancer.

Meningococcal are bacteria that can cause meningitis or blood poisoning. There are different types of meningococcus, indicated by a letter. The catch-up vaccine offered free of charge protects against meningococcal A, C, W and Y.

HPV (Humaan papillomavirus) spreads through intimate and sexual contact. The chance of ever being infected with HPV is very high. Most infections disappear on their own and not every infection leads to illness. There are more than 100 types of this virus. Some types can cause cancer in the long term (cervical cancer, cancer of the anus, penis, mouth or throat). Some types also play a role in warts on the anus and genitals.

Vaccination offers the best protection against these diseases. For long-term protection, a booster vaccination is sometimes necessary.

Vaccination

One injection in the upper arm per vaccine.

Who vaccinates

The doctor or nurse of the CLB vaccinates. The vaccination is free. CLB only vaccinates if there is valid (verbal or written) consent and there are no indications to the contrary for vaccination.

The vaccine is also free at the family doctor (GP), but the consultation must be paid for.

Reactions after the vaccination

After the vaccination, your child may suffer from:

- a red swelling at the site of the injection, sometimes swelling of the entire upper arm
- a painful, tender area at the site of the injection
- a flu-like feeling or a slight fever
- decreased appetite, vomiting and diarrhea

These reactions are completely normal and usually disappear after a few days. Up to 2 weeks after the measles-mumps-rubella vaccine, general reactions such as fever, headache, joint pain, skin rash may occur.

Contact your doctor if the symptoms persist or are more severe.

A vaccine, like any medicine, can have side effects. The chance that a vaccine will cause a serious side effect is very small.